- (3) For particles and dust. 1 percent; and
- (4) For other defects. 5 percent, including not more than three-fifths of this amount, or 3 percent, for serious damage.

MIXED VARIETIES

§51.2112 Mixed varieties.

Any lot of shelled almonds consisting of a mixture of two or more dissimilar varieties which meet the other requirements of any of the grades of U.S. No. 1, U.S. Select Sheller Run, U.S. Standard Sheller Run, U.S. No. 1 Whole and Broken may be designated as: "U.S. No. 1 Mixed;" "U.S. Select Sheller Run Mixed;" "U.S. No. 1 Whole and Broken Mixed;" "U.S. No. 1 Whole and Broken Mixed," respectively; but no lot of any of these grades may include more than 1 percent of bitter almonds mixed with sweet almonds.

UNCLASSIFIED

§51.2113 Unclassified.

"Unclassified" consists of shelled almonds which have not been classified in accordance with any of the foregoing grades. The term "unclassified" is not a grade within the meaning of these standards but is provided as a designation to show that no definite grade has been applied to the lot.

SIZE

§51.2114 Size requirements.

The size may be specified in terms of range in count of whole almonds kernels per ounce or in terms of minimum, or minimum and maximum diameter. When a range in count is specified, the whole kernels shall be fairly uniform in size, and the average count per ounce shall be within the range specified. Doubles and broken kernels shall not be used in determining counts. Count ranges per ounce commonly used are shown below, but other ranges may be specified: *Provided*, That the kernels are fairly uniform in size.

COUNT RANGE PER OUNCE

16 to 18 inclusive

18 to 20, inclusive. 20 to 22, inclusive.

22 to 24, inclusive.

23 to 25, inclusive.

24 to 26, inclusive.

27 to 30. inclusive.

30 to 34, inclusive.

34 to 40, inclusive.

40 to 50 inclusive.

50 and smaller.

§51.2115 Tolerances for size.

- (a) When a range is specified as, for example, "18/20," no tolerance for counts above or below the range shall be allowed.
- (1) When the minimum, or minimum and maximum diameters are specified, a total tolerance of not more than 10 percent, by weight, may fail to meet the specified size requirements: *Provided*, That not more than one-half of this amount, or 5 percent, may be below the minimum size specified.

APPLICATION OF TOLERANCES

§51.2116 Application of tolerances.

The tolerances for the grades are to be applied to the entire lot, and a composite sample shall be taken for determining the grade. However, any container or group of containers in which the almonds are found to be materially inferior to those in the majority of the containers shall be considered as separate lot.

DEFINITIONS

§51.2117 Similar varietal characteristics.

Similar varietal characteristics means that the kernels are similar in shape and appearance. For example, long types shall not be mixed with short types, or broad types mixed with narrow types, and bitter almonds shall not be mixed with sweet almonds. Color of the kernels shall not be considered, since there is often a marked difference in skin color of kernels of the same variety.

§ 51.2118

§51.2118 Whole.

Whole means that there is less than one-eighth of the kernel chipped off or missing, and that the general contour of the kernel is not materially affected by the missing part.

§51.2119 Clean.

Clean means that the kernel is practically free from dirt and other foreign substance.

§51.2120 Well dried.

Well dried means that the kernel is firm and brittle, and not pliable or leathery.

§51.2121 Decay.

Decay means that the kernel is putrid or decomposed.

§51.2122 Rancidity.

Rancidity means that the kernel is noticeably rancid to the taste.

§51.2123 Insect injury.

Insect injury means that the insect, web, or frass is present or there is definite evidence of insect feeding.

§51.2124 Foreign material.

Foreign material means pieces of shell, hulls or other foreign matter which will not pass through a round opening %4 of an inch in diameter.

§51.2125 Doubles.

Doubles means kernels that developed in shells containing two kernels. One side of a double kernel is flat or concave.

§51.2126 Split or broken kernels.

Split or broken kernels means seveneighths or less of complete whole kernels but which will not pass through a round opening %4 of an inch in diameter.

§51.2127 Particles and dust.

Particles and dust means fragments of almonds kernels or other material which will pass through a round opening %4 of an inch in diameter.

§51.2128 Injury.

Injury means any defect which more than slightly detracts from the appear-

ance of the individual almond, or the general appearance of the lot. The following shall be considered as injury:

(a) Chipped and scratched kernels when the general appearance of the lot is more than slightly affected, or when the affected are on an individual kernel aggregates more than the equivalent of a circle one-eighth inch in diameter.

§51.2129 Damage.

Damage means any defect which materially detracts from the appearance of the individual kernel, or the general appearance of the lot, or the edible or shipping quality of the almonds. Any one of the following defects or combination thereof, the seriousness of which exceeds the maximum allowed for any one defect shall be considered as damage:

- (a) Chipped and scratched kernels, when the general appearance of the lot is materially affected, or when the affected area on an individual kernel aggregates more than the equivalent of a circle one-quarter inch in diameter;
- (b) Mold, when visible on the kernel, except when white or gray and easily rubbed off with the fingers;
- (c) Gum, when a film of shiny, resinous appearing substance covers more than one-eighth of the surface of the kernel:
- (d) Shriveling, when the kernel is excessively thin for its size, or when materially withered, shrunken, leathery, tough or only partially developed: *Provided*, That partially developed kernels are not considered damaged if more than three-fourths of the pellicle is filled with meat; and,
- (e) Brown spot on the kernel, either single or multiple, when the affected area aggregates more than the equivalent of a circle one-eighth inch in diameter.

$\S 51.2130$ Serious damage.

Serious damage means any defect which makes a kernel or piece of kernel unsuitable for human consumption, and includes decay, rancidity, insect injury and damage by mold.

§51.2131 Diameter.

Diameter means the greatest dimension of the kernel, or piece of kernel at right angles to the longitudinal axis.

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